

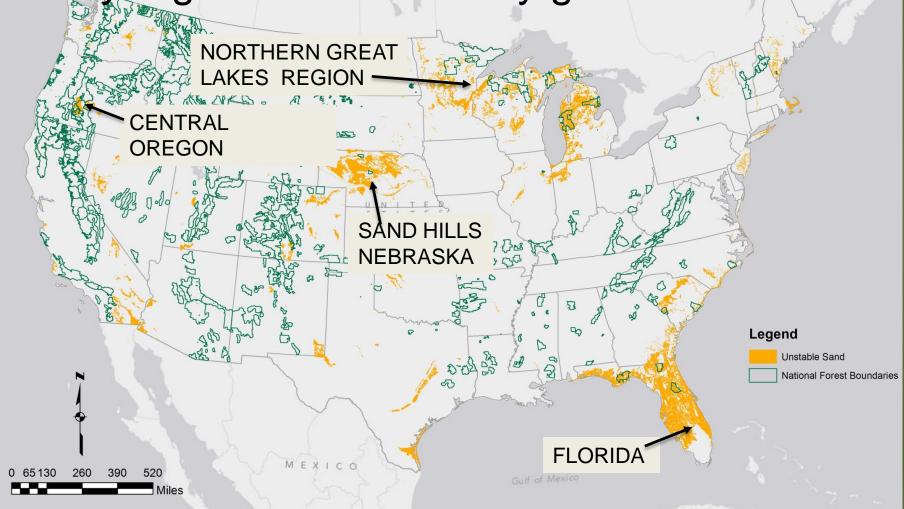
Stabilizing Sand Roads Using Wood Fiber Materials and Byproducts





The Issue

Sandy regions without ready gravel.





The Issue

Low volume roads in unstable "sugar sands"

- Poor traction
- Difficult maintenance
- Gravel tends to sink in and "disappear"

Scope of the issue on National Forests

- 6.2 million acres of unstable sand area on NFs
- 22,247 miles of forest roads through sand areas
- Remote, very low volume roads



The Issue Northern Great Lakes Region





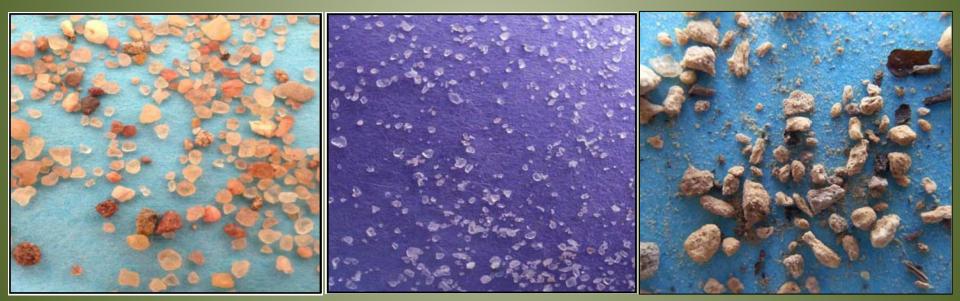
The Issue Southeast - Florida





The Issue

Poorly graded sands and generally rounded grains result in unstable ground – (like marbles)



Wisconsin Various

minerals, subangular subrounded

Florida quartz, subangular subrounded

Oregon Volcanic, pumice, subrounded



Alternatives

How do you stabilize your low volume road when gravel is not available or economical?

Raw Wood Materials

- Natural organic material on hand (leaf litter, etc.)
- Wood products (chunkwood, wood chips, etc.)
- Wood wastes (bark and sawdust)

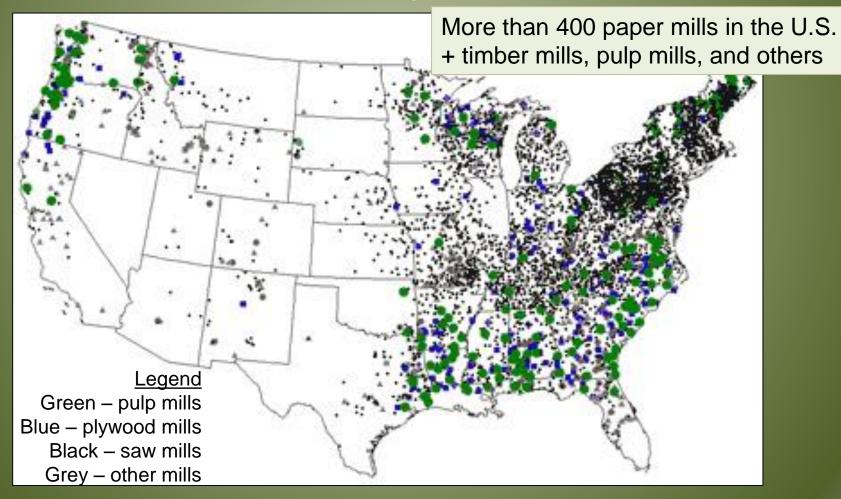
Pulp/Paper Mill Byproducts

- Lignosulfonates
- Sludge
- Boiler ash
- Others



Alternatives

Wood materials are often plentiful





Alternatives Woodchips



Wood chipper

Wood chip road fill, 30 years old



Alternatives Chunkwood



Chunker with stockpile

Chunker blade



Alternatives Wood Shreds and Wood Straw



Wood shreds

Wood Straw[™]



Alternatives Bark and Sawdust



Bark

Sawdust



Alternatives Pulp/Paper Mill Liquid Wastes/Byproducts



Sludge on agricultural field

Lignosulfonate sprayed on road



Alternatives Pulp/Paper Mill Boiler Ash



Bottom ash

Flyash



Alternatives Other Pulp/Paper Mill Solid Wastes/Byproducts



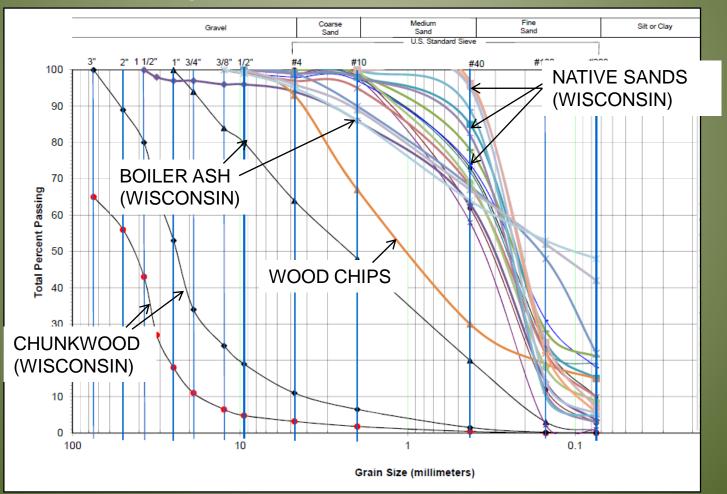
Causticizing residuals

"Knots"



Alternatives

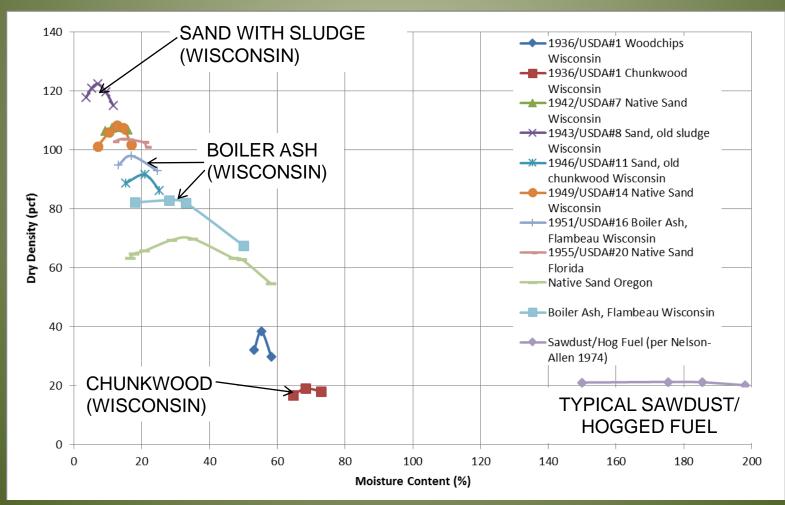
Grain Size Comparison





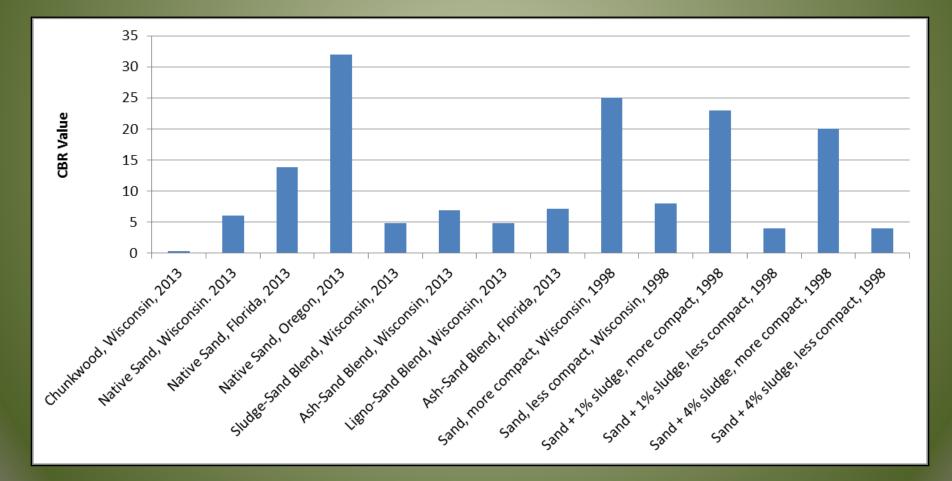
Alternatives

Comparison of Compaction Characteristics





Alternatives Comparison of California Bearing Ratio





Alternatives Field Investigation of Past Projects - Chunkwood



Wisconsin road 30 years old

Oregon road 20 years old



Alternatives Field Investigation of Past Projects - Sludge



Wisconsin road 30 years old

Florida road 25 years old



Alternatives

Interim Conclusions for Wood Materials

- North Great Lakes region -Prefers any amendment to no treatment. - Road crews use local leaf litter when necessary.
- North Great Lakes region crunkwood & sludge treated roads had good performance after 25-30 years. Colder climate with short growing season.
- Southeast region chunkwood & sludge treated roads showed poor performance. Warmer climate with long growing season ...faster breakdown (rot, biodegradation).
- Boiler ash looks promising.



Boiler Ash Alternative Pulp/Paper Mill Boiler Ash Advantages

- Wood waste from energy production
- Obtained free from mill
- An inert sand/gravel loke material
- Improves sand stability by better gradation
- Some cementitious (hardening) properties





Boiler Ash Alternative

Environmental Issues

- It is mostly WOOD ASH natural in forest "Closed loop" concept – return material to forest where it originated
- It is NOT coal flyash like concrete additive
- Ash is part of energy production NOT part of paper manufacturing process
- Meets federal chemical standards
- Meets tighter Wisconsin DNR standards
- Agencies encourage "Beneficial Reuse of Industrial Byproducts"
- Use on roads avoids landfill disposal
- Our demonstration projects were specifically approved by Wisconsin DNR



Boiler Ash Alternative Boiler Ash Comes from Generating Power



Paper mill power plant

Process, material recovery



Boiler Ash Alternative Boiler Ash Comes from Wood Fuel (mostly)



Bark and branches

Non-merchantable timber





Boiler Ash Alternative

Simple Construction Equipment & Techniques

1. Deliver ash







2. Spread and shape



4. Compact



Boiler Ash Alternative Boiler Ash Spread on Prepared Road





Boiler Ash Alternative Before vs. After







Boiler Ash Alternative Engineering Field Testing



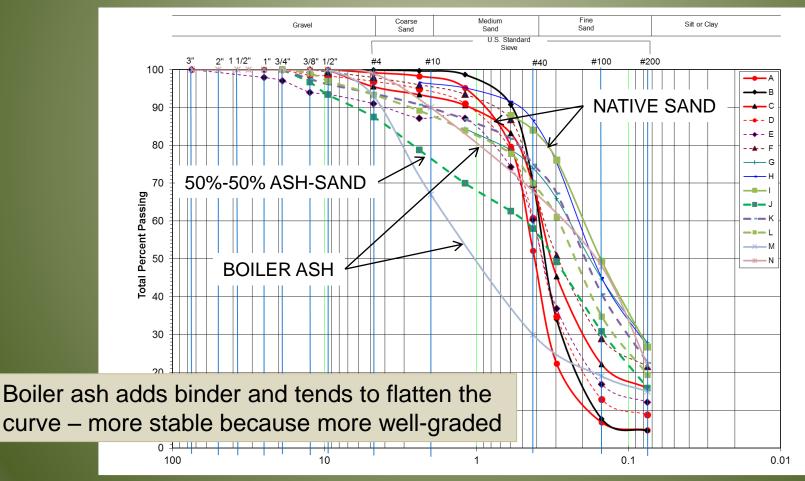
FWD testing

DCP testing

Compaction testing



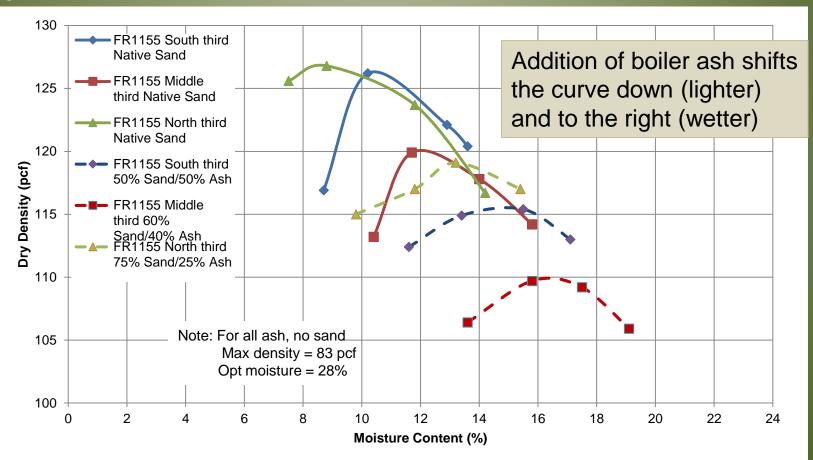
Boiler Ash Alternative Engineering Lab Testing





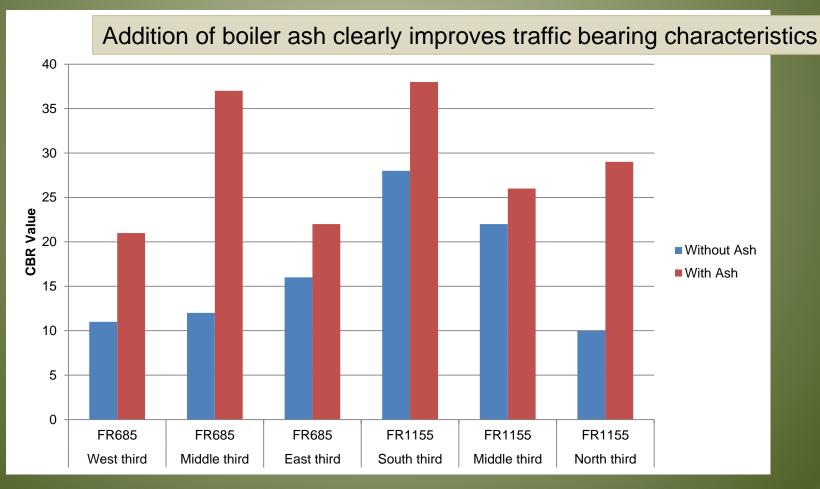
Boiler Ash Alternative

Compaction Characteristics



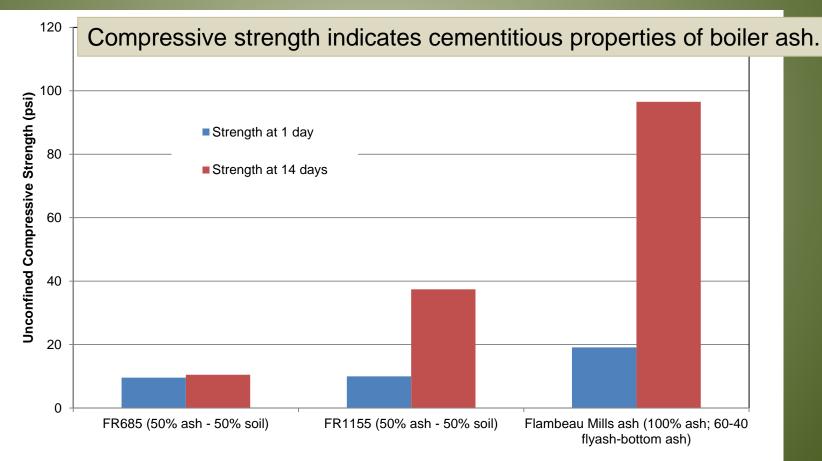


Boiler Ash Alternative California Bearing Ratio (CBR)





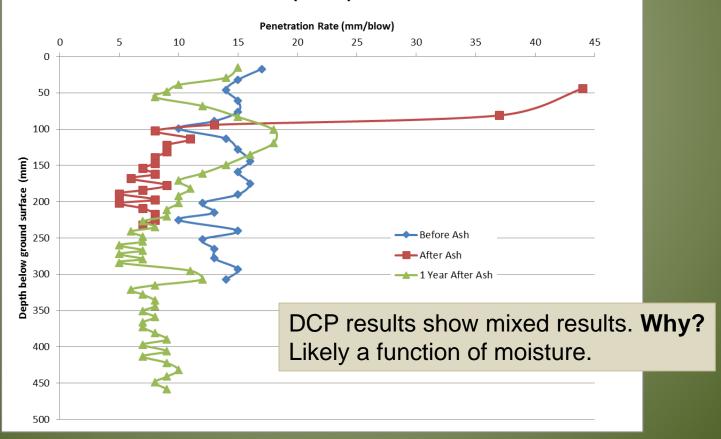
Boiler Ash Alternative Unconfined Compressive Strength





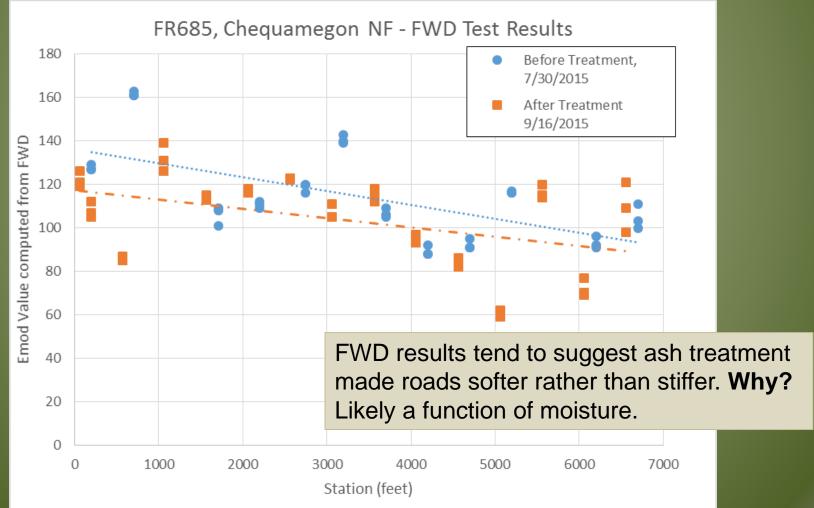
Boiler Ash Alternative Dynamic Cone Penetration (DCP) Testing

Forest Service DCP Readings, FR 685, MP 0.50 Right Track (South)



Boiler Ash Alternative

Falling Weight Deflectometer (FWD) Testing





Boiler Ash Alternative Costs

Item	FR1155 Boiler Ash	FR1155 Gravel Surfacing	FR685 Boiler Ash	FR685 Gravel Surfacing
	Actual Costs (400 CY ash)	Hypothetical Costs (1500 CY gravel)	Actual Costs (400 CY ash)	Hypothetical Costs (1500 CY gravel)
Purchase material	\$0	\$15,000	\$0	\$15,000
Haul/deliver to site	\$15,000	\$8,000	\$9,720	\$23,000
Shape and prep road bed	\$6,100	\$6,100	\$6,100	\$6,100
Spread and compact material (includes blending for boiler ash)	\$12,100	\$7,500	\$12,100	\$7,500
Total Cost Per Lane Mile	\$33,200	\$36,600	\$27,920	\$51,600
Cost Per Lane Mile Less Haul Costs	\$18,200	\$28,600	\$18,200	\$28,600
Ash-Gravel Cost Difference	57%		57%	



Wood Materials For Stabilizing Low Volume Sand Roads

Conclusions

- Alternate stabilization materials are needed in areas of "sugar sand."
- Raw wood products and byproducts can be viable road-stabilizing materials where they are abundant and cheap.
- Some byproducts from paper/pulp mills can be viable road-stabilizing materials where they area abundant and cheap.
- Paper mill boiler ash is an especially promising alternate road-stabilizing material
- Wood-related materials are generally environmentally sound and re-use is encouraged by most states to divert waste from landfills.



Stabilizing Sand Roads Using Wood Fiber Materials and Byproducts



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